South American waters. It might be said forces attempted to seize a portion of her last year should be maintained, and that that they did not intend to go ashore, but cargo, but, troops coming to her rescue, the lowered screen is a violation of that that they did not intend to go ashore, but merely remain aboard their ships. Frequently, however, the harbor becomes a perfect pest of disease. It is, in fact, said that the bad odors and filth in the harbors and inner bays there create and greatly add to the epidemics.

CREWS DECIMATED BY FEVERS. "There have been times in Santos and Rio when dozens of vessels have been lying idle for months waiting to fill up the ranks of crews that have been decimated by the fevers. Many instances have occurred, especially in Santos, where captains, officers and all the crew have been cleaned out. Captain Baker and Captain Crossman, who are going down, have regularly for years past visited these ports, and if they have been at all observant they must realize all the risks being taken by the men who are enlisting for that service. They should remember that it is a very different matter going down on clean American merchant ships, which remain in the harbor but a few days, and going there on a ship owned and controlled by Brazilians. They may be detained there for months, and there will probably be no hesitancy in ordering them ashore if their services can be better utilized there than on board their

"The best thing that could happen to the Americans who go down would be to be blown to atoms by the torpedoes of Mello at once. It is hardly probable, however, that any such good fortune shall befall them, for it has been clearly shown that the Brazilians keep up a fire at one another day after day for weeks at a time and only by the merest accident do they ever do any damage. In my opinion three or four hundred trained and courageous Americans could go down to Brazil and capture not only one side but both sides taking part in the conflict. The American will go in for business, while the Brazilians on their side will probably wage their customary sleepy and bloodless warfare. In all the conflicts which they have had during recent years they have scarcely ever sacrificed a life. The little fleet fitted out here, therefore, promises to be a host in itself for the government of Peixoto. Their services will be so greatly valued that they will undoubtedly be compelled to remain in the country after once entering it. Will not these men forfeit all right to protection from the government of the United States after once enlisting to fight for a foreign power? If they expect any consideration or appreciation from the Brazilians they will find themselves sadly mistaken. Everybody in the army and navy and civil service of Brazil seems to be actuated by the pettiest kind of jealousies and personal selfishness. Therein lies the cause of the whole present trouble, and it really will not matter very much to the republic of Brazil as to which side might win the day in the present struggle.

'Peixoto is undoubtedly an autocratic tyrant who would not be competent to act as the executive of a moribund village in any other country than Brazil. He was placed in power merely on account of being a leading general in an army that had never seen any service. His spokesman, Ruy Barbosa, is a man whose patriotism consists in looking after the spoils of office. He was one of the leaders in the bloodless insurrection which resulted in the deposition and exile of Dom Pedro. He then became Secretary of the Treasury under the reckless and corrupt administration of Marshal da Fonseca, As Secretary of the Treasury Barbosa gathered around him a lot of adventurers, a set of mountebanks and banditti, who started wildcat banks and companies, carried on a series of unrivaled and unprecedented financial operations to such an extent that business in Rio became a daily and laughable display of opera bouffe financiering. Mayrinck came into power, and, as the head of the new national bank and through Ruy Barbosa, he was led to issue hundreds of millions of dollars of new money. Within six months nearly a hundred more new banks appeared on the scene with no other business than to play, like so many dummies, into the hands of the national bank and a horde of these adventurers, who created hundreds, nay, thousands of new companies. The records of Brazil show that new companies were floated with a financial capitalization of about eight hundred million of dollars. Conservative men stood aloof and looked on with abject horror and prepared themselves for the crash that was inevitable.

"For a time, however, Mayrinck and others whose credit prior to the advent of Barbosa was on a par with that of a 'vag' in this country seemed to roll in wealth and luxuries. They reared palaces and equipped them in the most sumptuous manner, employed retinues of servants, rode the thoroughfares of the town in equipages and generally lived on a scale of royal splendor. Mayrinck, who was the arch schemer of this select coterie of government plunderers, had a palatial office, where he ruled as the Jay Gould of the new order of things which had been effected in Brazil through his Napoleonic operations in finance, and he was daily in consultation with Barbosa, who is now posing as the great reformer, anxious to depose Peix-oto, who, on account of his misdeeds, has declared against him.

LIVED LIKE PRINCES.

"If Mello succeeds this man will undoubtedly come to the front again. If Peixoto retains power officials of his own inner circle of friends will continue to keep the commerce of Brazil disturbed for a good many years to come. The only hope for the country is in the ascendency of some man who succeeds in forcing himself to the front by virtue of pure patriotism and who will create an era of political reform and purification in the Republic of Brazil. The old Emperor, Dom Pedro, was known to be a republican at heart, and it was undoubtedly his intention to bring to the front the best men in the country, so that a republic could eventually be started auspiciously The most corrupt element among the politicians of Brazil, however, prevented the realization of the honest intentions and desires of this noble ruler. Since that time capable and honest men have stood no show in the councils of the country; it has simply been a fight between the army and navy. Barbosa and his crowd of politicians were with the army as long as that side had leeway to create new money and grab everything in sight. Now that their little game is at an end, and Mayrinck has been placed in a madhouse, while the others are in jail, they have gone over to the navy.

"I could go on and say a great deal more; in fact, volumes could be written upon this subject, but I did not intend to talk at all, and was impelled to do so only by a feeling of keen solicitation on account of the fate in store for so many hundreds of my countrymen who are enlisting for service under the Brazilian flag. They are probably urged by a delusive hope of finally settling in the country and having a better chance than at home. The opportunities there are they will find out, by no means commence ate with the risks they are run-There is more competition in that comer, between bright, active young men from all parts of the world than can be found anywhere in the United States. Any man who has not sufficient intelligence to make his way here at home, certainly can never succeed in accomplishing anything in Brazil. Salaries there, on account of the keen competition for positions, average very much lower than in the United States, while living is a great deal higher. All the necessaries of life are taxed to such an extent that to live in any way decently will cost four times what it does in New York, which is the most expensive place in this country to live in. In Brazil the rate of compensation for work is kept lowered on account of so many going out there from England, France and Germany and other overcrowded countries. I hope that all the good men who are going on this expedition will become informed of what is ahead of them and fully realize all the terrible risks they are going to take before engaging in a thankless task. Their only reward, even if successful in getting there. will be the dissolution and disappointment of their charished hopes.'

# SANTOS LOYAL.

The People Do Not Regard Admiral

Mello's Revolt with Favor. NEW YORK, Nov. 12.- The steamer Melbourne, Captain Byrnes, from Santos and Bahia, Brazil, came into port to-day. The Melbourne laft Santos on Oct. 18. The people of Santos, which is only beginning to recover from its terrible yellow-fever visitation, are loyal to the Peixoto government, and it is most unlikely that Mello and his revolutionary party will succeed either by force or pesuasion in their efforts to induce the influential merchants of that Important port to look with favor upon the insurgent cause. Shortly before the Melbourne left Santos two of Mello's fleet of war ships appeared outside the harbor, but no demonstration was made. Instead, the ships proceeded south to the island of Santa Catherine and forcibly seized the plantiful provisions and other supplies warehoused there. By order of President Peixoto the harbor and river of Santos had been powerfully fortified. Several large guns had been sent from Rio de Janeiro and mounted on strong positions at the entrance of the habor. Business was flourishing in Santos, and the blockade which Mello threatened to establish had apparently proven ineffectual. At Bahia, also, tranquillity prevailed, and the residents preserve their loyalty to the Peixoto government. While the Melbourne was in the harbor of

Mello's officers desisted.

Mello's Agents at New York. NEW YORK, Nov. 12 .- The agents of Admiral Mello are working very quietly in this city in behalf of the Brazilian revolutionists. Two of them to-day visited El Cid and made a careful inspection of the vessel, and noted that the boilers, engines and other important machinery were located above water, and in a position where they would be crippled by a well-directed shot. They paid equal attention to the other boats of the Peixoto fleet at the Morgan works. This evening Admiral Mello's agents made arrangements to meet, some time to-morrow, the inventor of a novel death-dealing weapon which the owner claims will revolutionize the methods of naval warfare. If Mello's agents decide to adopt it there need be no time lost in sending this new destroyer to Brazil. It is already at an European port, and a single word cabled to the party who has charge of it will start it on its journey so that it can reach Rio before Peixoto's heterogeneous fleet arrives at its destination.

## TWO YEARS IN PRISON

Sentence of Charles Cooprider for Killing Thomas Kress.

Verdict of Manslaughter Not Acceptable to the Defendant's Attorneys-Losses by the Fort Wayne Fire.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., Nov. 12.-The trial of Charles Cooprider for the murder of Thomas Kress, that has been occupying the attention of the Superior Court for the past four days, closed Saturday, and the case was given to the jury. After wrangling over technicalities until Sunday morning the jury found the defendant guilty of manslaughter and sentenced him to two years in the Prison South. The attorneys for the defense immediately filed papers for a new trial, and if it is not granted the case will be taken to the Supreme Court.

## 2:04 TRACK GOSSIP.

Doings of Horses and Horsemen in Nancy Hanks's Town.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 12.-The horsemen have adjourned to the "winter track," which is the drug store headquarters, where for several winters noted trainers, reinsmen and breeders have discussed the events of the past season and made predictions for the next. Greenlander's mile to a wagon Friday is positively the last effort at record breaking on the Nancy Hanks 2:04 track this year. The son of Princeps, in his two-mile record-breaking trial, as also in his mile to wagon, showed that he has remarkable staying qualities, and horsemen say that if he had been trained properly he would have been a phenomenal goer. He has a bad foreleg, due to faulty train-

Stamboul and the rest of banker Harriman's horses will remain here in Doble's stables during the winter. Nancy Hanks, Arion and Vatican were taken to Massachusetts last Tuesday. The Doble stable will not be as well filled this winter as heretofore, owing to the fact that Doble himself will spend the winter at his gold mine in California. His office here has been closed. Bookkeeper Van Vliet has gone to Chicago, Charley Doble is East taking a vacation, and John Dickerson is in Massachusetts, conferring with Malcolm Forbes over the offer the latter made to him to take charge of the horses at Ponkapog farm. It is not unlikely that he will decline the offer and remain with Doble another year.

There is no doubt in the minds of horsemen here that the Alix-Directum so-called match race at Mystic Park is to be a hippodrome, as was the Mascot-Directum race at Fleetwood. If the desire was to have a genuine race for a wager the horses would not be sent over a slow track, but the slow tracks happen to be located where there is the best prospect for big gate receipts. Sam Fleming will change the gait of Jessie Wilkes, 2:191/4, to pacing, and the indi-cations are that she will soon be in the free-Rhody Patterson sent three fillies to the Chicago sale last week, Jay Bird, Eagle

Bird and Clay. Oscar T. Murray, of New York, owner of he filly Silicon (2:15%), has purchased of Bonerman Bros., Lexington, Ky., the twoear-old filly Millwood, dam Ulva (2:27), by Wedgewood (2:19), second dam Tulip, by Alexander's Abdallah. He has turned both of the fillies over to Orrin Hickok, who will winter them in California. Ulva is the property of Mr. Samuel McKeen, of this city.

Jersey Wilkes, of Edgewood, now has
twelve performers in the list. It is reported that Gee Grimes, who has made his headquarters at the track here

Yo Tambien to Be Sold. CHICAGO, Nov. 12.-It is announced that Yo Tambien and the entire Kendall stable Western turf is to lose Chris Smith from

## its list of prominent owners. FORT WAYNE'S FIRE.

Two Buildings Destroyed-The Losses and Insurance.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 12.-The fire last night was controlled after destroying the Academy of Music, occupied by Geary's Museum, a large brick structure owned by Renald T. McDonald and Robert S. Taylor. the Aldine Hotel, a four-story brick block owned by D. N. Foster, and damaging Miller's furniture store, Lade's gun store, Hattersley's plumbing establishment and the Aldine Printing Company. The origin of the fire is unknown. Two boys were left in the theater to scrub off the stage, and commenced their work as soon as the audience dispersed. At midnight the electric light stopped burning, and they lighted matches to find their way out. They insist they were careful to see that the matches were entirely out as they moved along the aisle, but it is likely that the matches caused the fire.

The loss on the Academy of Music is \$8,000; insured for \$30,000, as follows: Hartford, \$15,000; America, of New York, \$15,000. Loss on Aldine Hotel Block, \$35,000; insurance, \$23,000, as follows: Mutual Union, of New York, \$3,000; London, Liverpool and Globe, \$3,000; Phoenix, \$2,500; Home, \$2,500; Springfield, \$2,500; Franklin, \$2,500; Vernon, \$1,000; Indiana, of Fort Wayne, \$1,000; Indiana, of Indianapolis, \$1,000; Londor, Assurance, \$2,000; Caledonia, \$2,000. Loss on Aldine Printing Company, \$8,000; insurance, \$5,000, as follows: Ailemania, \$1,000: German American, \$1,000: Connecti-

# Why She Took Her Life.

losses will reach \$5,000, all fully covered.

cut, \$1,000; Milwaukee Mechanics', \$1,000;

Home, \$500; Orient, \$500. The other small

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Nov. 12.-Coroner Fulk returned to his home in this city this morning from viewing the remains of Mrs. Maggie Mabley, who committed suicide at a late hour Saturday night by hanging herself in the barn of farmer Joseph Burney. The remains were found by the husband, after he had read the following note, which the woman had written and left where it could

"November 11, 1393. "This is my day with you, Will. You have treated me so mean that I cannot live with you any longer; so I say good-bye today, my dear husband. You will find me in the barn. Write to my mother and tell her of my death. Remember this day, Will; you had just been cursing me not half an hour ago. I do this because you do not wife, Maggie Mabley. Good-bye, baby; I am going. Kiss for the last time."

# Rosdale Miners Still Out.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 12. - The three hundred miners at Rosedale are still out because the screen of one of the Parke Coal Company's mines was lowered eight inches. The screens slant toward the cars, and by lowering the top eight inches the coal drops upon nearer a flat surface and more of it goes through the screen, and therefore less to be weighed as screened coal, on which the miners' pay is based. The lowering of the screen is estimated to make a difference of 1 cent a ton to the Rio, some time since, discharging fresh miner. The men say that this year's scale meat and cattle from Buenos Ayres, Mello's as signed provided that all conditions of

Muncie Business Man Dead. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 12.-Mr. Earle C. Tuxbury, aged twenty-seven, of the firm of Tuxbury & Cobb, insurance agents, died this morning of typhoid fever, at the city hospital. He was a son of C. F. Tuxbury, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and the remains were taken there to-night for burial. Mr. Tuxbury was quite a musician, a polished gentleman, and was popular in society and in the churches, where he assumed important parts in many of the choirs. For several years he traveled for a Chicago company in drawing maps of towns and cities, showing the location and character of business blocks and buildings for information of insurance companies.

Did Not Come from Muncie.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 12.-The item from South Bend stating that a smallpox epidemic is feared there because of the shipment of cast-off clothing from this city, where the garments were used by smallpox patients, is even more preposterous than the reported shipment of "scabs" from Muncie in the mails. All clothing used by victims of the disease was carefully guarded and burned. Rag dealers have not been permitted to ship any of their produce for several months past, and no rag peddlers or others are permitted to gather from this source.

Will Play Football No More.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Nov. 12 .- Aldus Harrold, physical director, whose home is at Greenfield, Ind., and who led the young team of the Y. M. C. A. of this city in a game of football here, Saturday, with the Franklin College boys, and who, in making a run with the ball to reach goal, collided with Mullendon, of the Franklin team, causing a shock so severe as to cause a convulsion, and who was carried from the field more dead than alive, has rallied under the treatment he received at the City Hospital, and will recover, but will probably never be able to enter another football

## Nonh King's Murderers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 12.-Bedford Kent and Milton Ferrand, the murders of Noah King, were in Columbus last Thursday. They were at Shell Johnson's in Jackson township, Monday night (the night after the murder), and there Kent changed clothes. Officers traced them there. Johnson first denied the fact, but his wife and little boy said they were there. Search re-vealed Kent's clothes, which are held by the officers. Kent and Ferrand ate dinner in Nashville, Brown county, Wednesday. A man answering Kent's description was arrested at Greenup, Ill.

Death of a Pioneer.

Special to the Indianpolis Journal. PLAINFIELD, Ind., Nov. 12. - William Sanders, one of the early settlers in the vicinity of Valley Mills, died Saturday afternoon, of catarrhal troubles, in the seventy-third year of his age. Mr. Sanders located in that vicinity when the forests were in their primeval state, and lived to see the country about him in a high state of cultivation.

Noblesville Republicans. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Nov. 12.-The Republicans of Noblesville and vicinity held an election ratification meeting Saturday night, and the Circuit Court room was crowded to its utmost capacity. Speeches were made by ex-Senator Graham, Senator Boyd, Hons. T. J. Lindly, J. R. Christian, Joel Stafford, Mr. Bowles, a farmer, and

Not Quite Ready to Resume. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 12.-The press dispatch from Muncie in to-day's Journal, stating that the Citizens' National Bank had resumed business Saturday is incorrect. The bank has about all the preliminaries arranged for reopening, which will not occur before the middle of this week, if then.

Dropped Dead in His Dooryard. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SEYMOUR, Ind., Nov. 12.-This morning Mr. Henry Wayrocker, a well-to-do German farmer, residing about three miles east of this city, dropped dead while walking about in his dooryard. He was seventy-five years old, and had not been ill. It is thought that he died from heart disease. Indiana Note.

Mrs. J. P. Fagan, aged thirty years, wife of the advance agent of the Barnum show, died in Seymour yesterday. She was a highly-respected lady and a sister-in-law of

Hon. Jason B. Brown. MRS. ROOSEVELT DEAD.

for several years, will rent the track at | Her Demise Due to an Overdose of Laudanum Taken While Ill.

LONDON, Nov. 13.-Bulletin-Mrs. Roosevelt, the wife of the secretary of the Ameris to be sold here Nov. 25, and that the | ican embassy, died at Ascot yesterday aft- | mails. He refers to the number of railroad ernoon. Mrs. Roosevelt, had been ill for some time, and it is said that she had taken an overdose of laudanum to alleviate her pain. It is supposed that, owing to her weakened condition, the drug proved fatal. Mrs. Roosevelt was a prominent New York society woman, and before her marriage was Miss Helen Astor, one of William Astor's daughters. Her sister is Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton. After Mrs. Roosevelt's marriage she confined her home entertainments to a small circle of friends. Her house was replete with the most costly art treasures, and her library was one of the most interesting in New York. Mrs. Astor sailed on the Lucania the other day in the hope of reaching her daughter before she died. The Astor family will probably go in mourning for the next year or two, and do very little entertaining. It is thought probable that Mr. Roosevelt will now resign his office as secretary and return to New York with Mrs. Astor, It is said that when he received the appointment to the embassy he looked forward to a brilliant social season in London, Mrs. Coleman Drayton had intended to re-enter

New York society this winter, but her sister's death will prevent her doing so. Dr. David Judkins. CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 12.-Dr. David

Judkins, for fifty-five years a practicing physician here, died at home to-day at the age of seventy-seven. He was connected with the Cincinnati Hospital and Miami Medical College from their foundation up

### Democratic Tariff Plans. Philadelphia Record (Dem.)

to his death.

The new tariff bill will probably pass early next summer, unless it should encounter extraordinary obstruction in the Sanate, which is not likely. When passed, the law will be the paramount issue in the elections for Congress in 1894, unless the Republicans should prudently consent to give the measure a fair trial. But even should they resist, the prospects of a reactionary protectionist majority in the next House of Representatives on this clearly defined issue is not very cheering. to say nothing of the Senate and the President. The question, then, would go over to the presidential election in 1896; and by that time the country would have recognized the wisdom of the change of policy. It would then be seen that the great and multifarious business interests of the American people must not be disturbed and endangered by successive tariff changes like those of 1883 and 1890 merely to minister to the inordinate greed of a comparatively few persons. With the adoption of the forthcoming tariff-reform law of 1894 there promises to be a long truce to the agitation of a question that has occupied Congress and the country in greater or less degree for well-nigh twenty years.

# Most Did Not Rave.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.-Chief Anarchist John Most held his memorial meeting in honor of the Chicago Anarchists at the Whalia Theater to-night. The audience packed the theater, and red silk banners were conspicuous in the decorations. The mottoes were quotations of the last words of the four "martyrs." The speech making was very mild, and especially in the case of Herr Most.

Composer Harris Married. CHICAGO, Nov. 12 .- Charles K. Harris. of Milwaukee, author of the well-known song, "After the Ball," and Miss Cora Lehrberg, of Chicago, were married to-day. Their future home will be in Milwaukea.

WILSON'S ROCKY ROAD

Democrats Piling Obstacles in the Boss Tariff Tinker's Path.

Many Protests Against Free Coal, Wool, Iron Ore, Salt and Lumber-End ofthe Honduran Incident.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.-It appears that the chief embarrassment of the ways and means committee is to come, not from the articles upon which the specific or ad valorem duties are to be reduced, but from the articles that are to be put on the free list. It has been generally accepted, up to quite recently, that the Democratic party was united on the proposition of putting coal, wool, iron ore, salt and lumber on the free list, but the latest developments have indicated that this is not the case. Mr. Culberson and other Texas members have already sounded their opposition to free wool, and they are likely to receive substantial encouragement from Ohio members and the representatives of the grazing States of the West. Several of the Alabama Representatives are protesting against the proposition cast-off clothing. There is not the slightest tives are protesting against the proposition possibility of infection in any other city to place iron ore and coal on the free list. The extensive lumber States, both of the South and West, are almost a unit in op-Prince Windisch-Gratz, Prime Minister; posing free lumber. The Michigan members Herr Plenar, Minister of Finance; Herr will probably oppose free salt to a man, as it is stated that even Mr. Whiting, of the | Schoenborn, Minister of Justice; Herr Falways and means committee, will contend kenbaya, Minister of Agriculture; Count that the effect of placing salt on the free list will be only to give the English salt Dr. Nadeyski, Minister of Education and manufacturers a monopoly of the American markets and close up the American works. Altogether, the lot of Mr. Wilson and his colleagues of the ways and means com-

mittee is not a happy one. With a score or more of influential gentlemen demanding a caucus for the consideration of the tariff bill and various others declaring that they will not vote for the measure if it makes drastic reductions on the articles in which their constituents are interested, the difficulty of securing Democratic harmony on the measure now being evolved by the ways and means committee is every day becoming more apparent. The question of an income tax is rapidly coming to the front as a live issue. The proposition which finds most favor is to levy a percentum tax on all incomes of \$2,500 per annum and over, but those of the committee who are now giving the matter the most study are inclined to another plan which they believe to be more practicable. This is to impose an income or capitalization tax on corporations-that is, to collect a fixed annual tax. either from the earnings or the pard-up capital stock of corporations. This has led to still another proposition, which contemplates the taxing of all corporations at the time of their organization and incorporation, the tax to be levied by means of a stamp and the amount of the tax to be attached to the license to depend upon the capital stock. It seems likely, in the end, that the committee may adopt some moderate plan.

### HONDURAS APOLOGIZED.

Secretary Gresham's Statement Con-

American lily of the valley bulbs, known in the United States as "crowns and pips," cerning the Amapala Incident. . WASHINGTON, Nov. 12. - Secretary has already begun. The first consignment of 800,000 bulbs have just been dispatched, chiefly to New York and Chicago. Gresham gave out the following to-night: "When authentic information was received at the Department of State of the Empress of Germany, Duke Ernst, of Schleswig-Holstein, to the Princess Sybilfiring upon the American mail steamer Costa Rica at Amapala on the 6th inst., because of the refusal of the captain to deliver up Bonilla, a passenger, General 1867, and the Duke was born at Dotzeig on Young, the United States minister to Hon-Aug. 11, 1883.

duras, under instructions sent by Secretary Gresham, by direction of the President, protested against the act and demanded an apology. The government of Honduras promptly disavowed the conduct of its oficers and expressed sincere regret for the The apology on the part of the Honduras government is entirely satisfactory to the United States and it is believed that this

## RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

will end the incident.

Report and Recommendations of General Superintendent White.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12 .- General Superintendent James E. White, of the railway of an attack somewhat. Those figures make mail service, has made his annual report | the health officer say that there were 147 to the Postmaster-general. Upon this branch of service depends the rapid transportation | cie epidemic, and, to quote, "all of these of mails. At the close of the fiscal year | had been vaccinated." Some quibbling "stamails were being carried on 166,952 miles of railroads, for which 3,059 cars were used, with 6,417 clerks. There were handled during the year 10,236,314,915 pieces of mail matter. This is an increase over 1888 of 49.68 per cent., while the increase in the number of clerks is but 13.86 per cent. For clerks' salaries, the next year, \$7,186,000 is asked, and an appropriation of \$3,094,000 for postal

The Superintendent says the stagnation of business has the effect of decreasing the for this fact was fatal to his theory. accidents during the past year, and urges that some provision be made for the families of the postal clerks who are killed. He also renews previous recommendations that the salaries of the clerks be increased, also that there be a force of auxiliary cierks of 150, to be paid salaries of \$250 a year in addition to what they may be able to earn as substitutes. He also wants the mail cars and tenders of engines vestibuled for the safety of employes. A special feature of the report is the recommendation of a bill making it a misdemeanor for an individual, association or or-

ganization to interfere with the passage of any train carrying the mails, and providing that any persons, or representative or representatives of an association or organization obstructing the mails shall be fined and imprisoned for each offense. On the day of adjournment the House of Representatives sent to the Postmastergeneral an inquiry as to whether the claims of letter carriers for compensation for services in excess of eight hours are being received, and whether in the settlement of these claims the services of attorneys are necessary. Postmaster-general Bissell has prepared a reply in which he says these claims are being received. Many were on file and have been adjudicated but have not been paid. He also says the services of attorneys are unnecessary, either in behalf of claimants or the gov-

Assistant Attorney-general Thomas, of the Postoffice Department, has had many inquiries about the reports that the department had consented to let the bond investment companies transact their business through the mails. General Thomas says: "The department, as well as myself, has been by these reports put in a false attitude towards these companies. In the consideration of the questions involved in the schemes of these companies I have persistently refused to pass upon them as schemes devised to defraud the public for the reason that I uniformly held them to be lotteries. But these companies are now trying to modify their plans of business. and if they succeed in that I will be driven to the consideration of the question whether fraud is involved in them or not. I wish to say most emphatically that I have not indorsed them, and I shall hesitate long before I give them, as now presented. my sanction.'

### Indiana Cities May Suffer. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12 .- It is likely that several of the smaller cities in Indiana having free mail delivery will be deprived of that luxury at the end of the present fiscal year. June 30 next. There is a large deficiency in the appropriation for the free delivery service, and the present administration favors the abolition of the service in the cities which do not come up fully to every requirement of the law authorizing its establishment.

### Voorhees and Hoke Smith. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Nov 12 .- It develops that Senator Voorhees's determination to denounce Hoke Smith and his anti-pension policy is not born solely of friendship for the veteran, but is prompted, in a degree, at least, by disappointment to get office rison, "nothing can happen to us that will under the Secretary of the Interior. The | sink us." The more seriously the intelli-Senator's son, in Washington State, was | gent citizen and voter of this generation among those recently urged by the father for a place under Hoke Smith and was re-

### General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.-It is said that The relations between the President and Jerome Herff, of Peru, will probably be the Vice President are not as cordial as they might be. The latter never receives appointed to a position in the Treasury an invitation from the former to pass his Department. Department.

Mrs. M. D. Helm, of 124 E Street, for- officer at Washington who was asked about

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report



merly of Muncie, gave a luncheon to

Mrs. Platt, the wife of Senator Platt, of

Connecticut, is gradually weakening and sinking. She does not suffer, having lost

the consciousness of pain. She will proba-bly survive the night and perhaps longer,

NEW AUSTRIAN CABINET.

Prince Windisch-Gratz Prime Min-

ister in Place of Von Tanfe.

VIENNA, Nov. 12.-The names of th

members of the new Cabinet are announced

officially to-day. They are as follows:

Bacqueham, Minister of the Interior; Herr

Westerheimb, Minister of National Defense;

Public Worship. In addition Herr Wurmbrand is Minister of Commerce, and Herr

Emperor Francis Joseph, in the autograph

letter which he has forwarded to Count

Von Taafe, the retiring Pramier, exprasses

his sincere gratitude for the long, faithful

and distinguished services of Count Von

by the purest patriotism, and who was un-selfishly devoted to his sense of duty in the

distinguished services which he always

rendered to the state. The Emperor sent

other and similar letters to the outgoing

Ministers Gautsch, Zalski and Steinbach,

concluded with the remark that the Emper-

or reserves to himself the right to again

avail himself of their services at some

Germany Seeking Our Trade.

the Times at Berlin says that the Germans

are busy preparing to reap the harvest of

their splendid success at Chicago. With the

prestige there achieved, German industry is

now sanguine that any tariff which Presi-

dent Cleveland may effect will be the signal

for the development of German trade in

America on an unprecedented scale. The

German government intends forthwith to

appoint a commercial attache to the con-

sulate at Chicago, whose mission will be to

keep Germans thoroughly informed on the

technical wants of the American trade. As

an evidence of the importance attached to

the post, the German government has se-

lected Herr Haller, one of its most experi-

enced officials, who assisted the German

Cable Notes.

The annual export from Germany of

The engagement of the brother of the

la, of Carolath-Beauth, is announced. The

Princess was born in Berlin on May 17,

Vaccination and Smallpox.

Your paper has of late devoted some

efficacy of vaccination as a preventive of

smallpox, though, perhaps, without settling

the matter either way. In your dispatches

from Muncie published Saturday were some

figures that would seem to throw some

local light on the question, and to show

that vaccination does not protect, though

from them the faint suspicion may be en-

vaccinations actually being twenty-five

years after those of Benjamin Jesty. But he was after the \$150,000 which Parliament

voted him (by virtue of the "pull" which the place-making measure accompanying

its introduction was able to exert.) Seven

years after this vote "Jenner's presence in

incubus which the profession would gladly

an editorial in the London Medical Reposi-

tory (July, 1817,) says: "However painful,

yet it is a duty we owe to the public and

the profession to apprise them that the

number of all ranks suffering under small-

pox, who have previously undergone vac-

cination by the most skillful practioners,

is at present surprisingly great." Seven

years before this (in 1810) the Lon-

particulars regarding 535 cases of smallpox

after vaccination, some of them naving

been done by Jenner himself. And so it

has continued until the present time-not

protecting from smallpox, but causing dis-

ease and death on its own account, though

Even the most rabid vaccinationists will

aver that safety resides only in frequent

vaccinations. For instance, in an article

upholding it published by you recently,

taken from Harper's Weekly, the writer

says that at least four vaccinations are

needed, and every few years thereafter.

Now, how many persons in this country

have been vaccinated more than twice, or

even more than once? Some English hos-

pital statistics on this point are interest-

ing: The Metropolitan, London, in 1870-72,

had 1,677 cases of smallpox among persons

that showed three or more good vaccina-

tion marks; Fulham, in 1878, had 202; Homerton, in 1871-77, had 1,261, and Deptford,

The "moral" to be drawn from this o'er

true tale may be that if the Board of

Health or the school boards have the power

to enforce the vaccination of all the school

children under the "police" pretext, why

does it not-believing, as its members do.

that vaccination in childhood is not enough

-order a general vaccination of all grown

people on the same grounds? That is prob-

ably a greater contract than it cares to

have on its hands, yet to be consistent it

must attempt the work or abandon its

plan of compulsory vaccination for chil-dren. W. B. CLARKE, M. D.

A Good Saying.

"If, as a people, we can keep our ballot-

boxes free from taint," says Benjamin Har-

ponders this saying, the better, safer, hap-pier country his children and grandchildren will have to live in.

Cold Shoulder for Stevenson.

Indianapolis, Nov. 11.

in 1879, had 447.

space is now all too short to show this.

don Medical Observer published

London was a bore, and his reputation an

have got rid of," and three years after this

tertained that it may modify the severity

space to the subject of the efficacy or in

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

commissioners at the world's fair.

LONDON, Nov. 12 .- The correspondent of

future time.

Taafe, who, the Emperor says, was guided

Jawarski minister without portfolio.

though relief may come at any time.

number of her friends yesterday.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMUSEMENTS.

FLOWER MISSION Information has been received here that the Citizens' Bank, of Connersville, at the head of which is the Hon. J. N. Huston, will soon open its doors and resume bus-

TOMLINSON HALL, Nev. 14-18, 1893.

Tuesday night, "ENGAGED," a comedy in three acts, by best local talent. Wednesday night Miss Sterns, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Miller, Miss Maxwell, Mr. Sterne and Mr. Geiger, Dramatic Readings and Concert.

Thursday afternoon, CHILDREN'S

PARTY, Music and Dancing. Thursday night, Promenade Concert. Friday night, Saturday matince, Saturday night, NORDICA CONCERT COMPANY, three grand concerts.

POPULAR PRICES.

Season tickets, with seats ..... Nordica season, three concerts, with seats..... Nordica single seats..... All other evening entertainments... Children's party, Thursday afternoon...... Day admission to Fair.....

Tickets at Big Four Ticket office. Season ticket sale Monday and Tuesday, 13th and 14th inst.; sin-gle seats for first three nights begins Monday morning; single seats for Nordica Concerts begins Wednes-day, 15th inst.

## ENGLISH'S To-night

And Tuesday evening only. CHAS, H. YALE'S

Nine Grand Ballets-Beautiful Scenes and Transformations-A Company of 50 People. Regular Prices-15c, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. Wednesday and Thursday-"Creole Burlesque Co."

GRAND LATTER PART OF WEEK

The romantic actor, MR. ROBERT Supported by an excellent dramatic company, in the

following new reperioire: Thursday evening and Saturday matinee-"MON-Friday evening-PARRHASSIUS."
Saturday night-"FACE IN THE MOONLIGHT."
Regular prices: 25c to \$1. Matinee: 25c and 50c. Le Seats now on sale.

PARK THEATER

evenings, the comedy hit,

With a great cast of comedians and singers. Popular Prices -10c, 20c, 30c.

DID THEATER

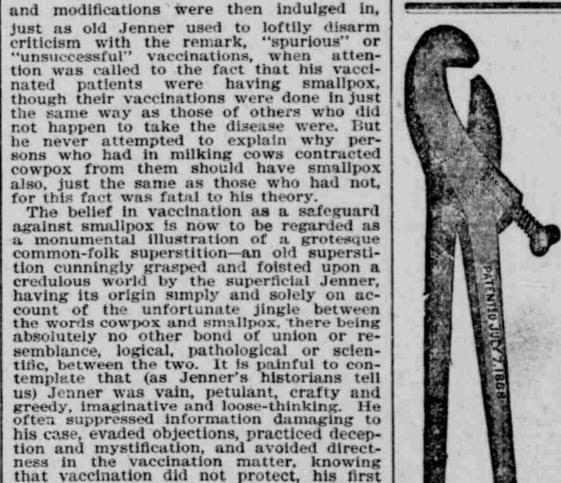
Latter part of week-THOS. E. MURRAY in

To night at 8. 15c, 25c and 50c.

Rice & Barton's Comedians RAZZLE DAZZLE.

Next Week-Rentz-Santley Co. South Side Entertainment Course

cases (twenty-one deaths) during the Mun-WM. A. COLLEDGE. SUBJECT, : : "TROPICAL AFRICA." SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, tistics" as to unsuccessful vaccinations Wednesday, Nov. 15. Admission-25 cents,



Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other Supplies used in con-nection with Gas, Steam and Water, Natural Gas supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildines, Store-rooms, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size

National Tube-Works

WROUGHT-IRON PIPE

-FOR-

Gas, Steam & Water

Boiler Tubes, Cast and

Malleable Iron Fittings

(black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine

rimmings, Steam Gauges

Vises, Screw Plates and Dies,

Wrenches, Steam Traps,

Pumps, Eitchen Sinks, Hose,

Babbit

ipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters,

Knight & Jillson, 75 and 77 S. PENNSYLVAN IA ST

Wrought-iron Pipe from inch to 12 inches diameter.

this coolness in high places, raplied: "Just why Mr. Cleveland should be down on Mr. Stevenson I do not know, for he is more popular with the people of the country today than the President-yes, a blamed sight more." Perhaps that is just the reasonproviding, of course, the facts are as the gentleman puts them.

# Advice from a Friend.

Philadelphia Record (Dem.) Some newspapers, finding the discussion of current topics a triffs wearisome, are dipping into the future for enlivenment. They suggest that President Cleveland be renominated in 1896. Nothing more untoward could happen Mr. Cievajand's admini ---tion than that this bie should be set a-buzzing in his bonnet. He should neither be a candidate himself, nor undertake to name the next Democratic candidate. He has a singular and rare opportunity to serve the country wall for the next three years, and let the consequences take care of them-

Russian Refugees Arrested. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.-The ten Russian refugees picked up by American

whalers after escaping from Siberian penal colony have been taken into custody by the police on request of the Immigration Commissioner, and will be held penging investigation in Washington. The escaped convicts now insist that they are political exiles, guilty only of offenses against the Russian government.



how you upon feel. If you're suffering functional turbances, irregularities or weaknesses, you're sure to "look it." And remedy. It builds up the system, regulates and promotes the proper functions, and re-

look ?" That de-

pends, madam.

stores health and strength. It's a legitimate medicine, not a beverage; purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, and made especially for woman's needs. In the cure of all "female complaints," it's quaranteed to give satisfaction, or the money is refunded. No other medicine for women is sold so. Think of that, when the dealer says something else (which pays him better) is "just as good."

"Times have changed." So have methods. The modern improvements in pills are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They help Nature, instead of fighting with her. Sick and nervous headache, biliousness, costiveness, and all deraugements of the liver, stomach and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured.